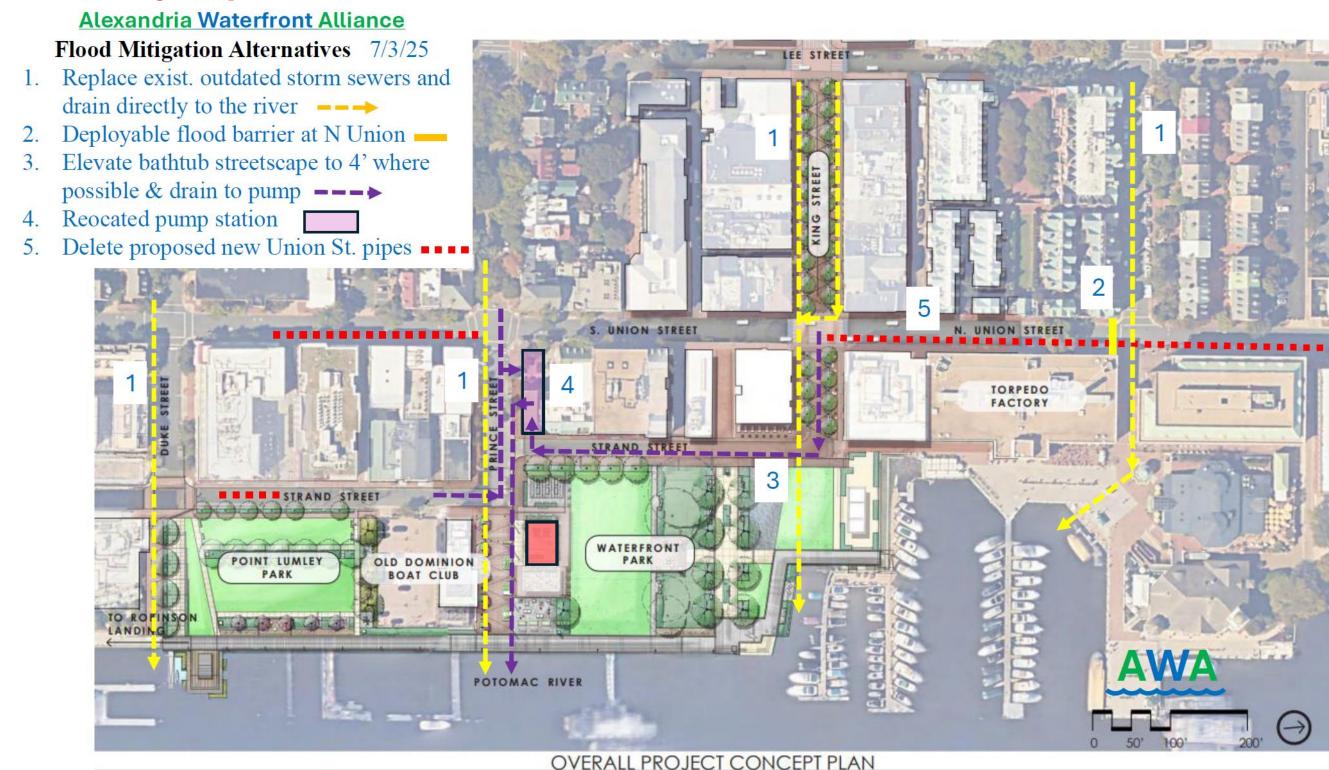


Waterfront Flood Mitigation Project Discussion

Stated Objectives

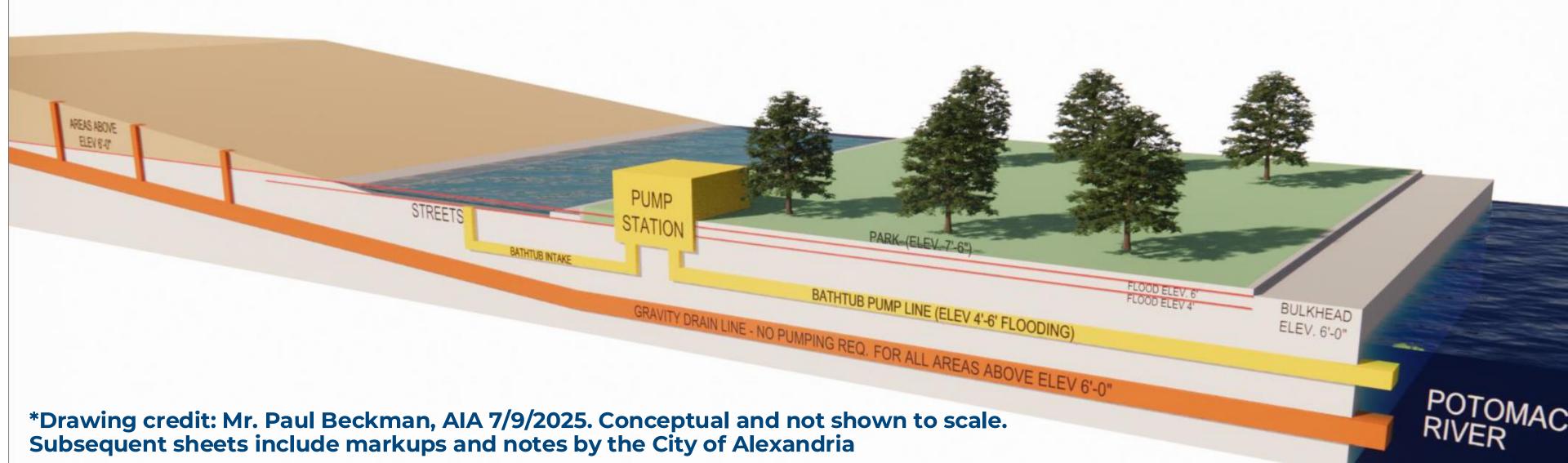
- 1) Reduce the size & footprint of the pump station
- 2) Reduce community impacts



^{*} Conceptual Drawing credit: Mr. Al Cox, AIA 7/3/2025. Subsequent sheets include markups and notes by the City of Alexandria

This theoretical concept proposes a <u>dual</u> stormwater system which, after evaluation by engineering analysis and modeling:

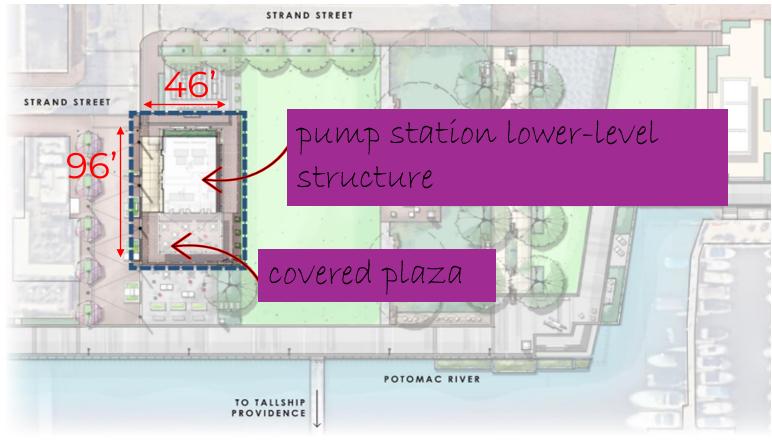
- Does not substantially reduce the footprint/size of the pump station
- Increases construction impacts as compared to the City's current proposal:
 - Would require deep excavations and deeper outfall structures than is feasible/sustainable
 - Would still requires phased street closures
 - Would likely increase utility conflicts and disruption due to relocations
 - Would likely increase construction impacts to residential areas and park areas (including Founder's Park)
- May increase overall project and construction costs



Pump Station Size Constraints

Waterfront Park Pump Station

Explaining the Numbers

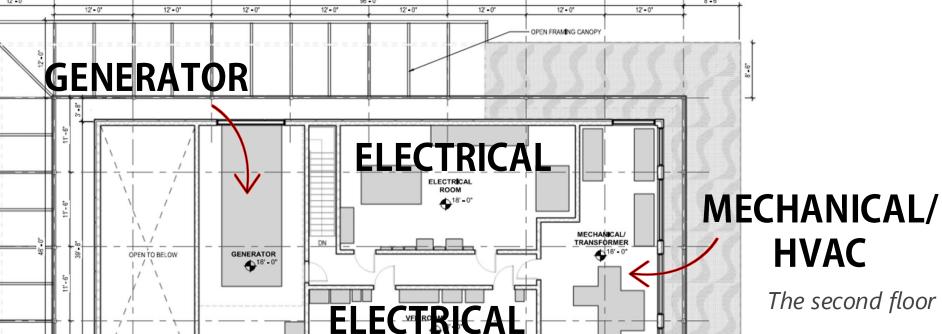


PORT SCREENINGS FERNINGS

ROOM

The Pump Station footprint is approx. 96' x 46' (4,420 SF).

On the lower level, the footprint includes a covered plaza supporting a portion of the second story.



The second floor sets the building footprint.

These rooms are fundamental to the operation of any pump station, regardless of flow/capacity.

Pump Station Size Constraints

Minimum Clearance Requirements per NEC and/or Equipment Manufacturer

Meeting the requirements prevents the 2nd floor from being reduced, even with the elimination of a VFD Pump Controller.



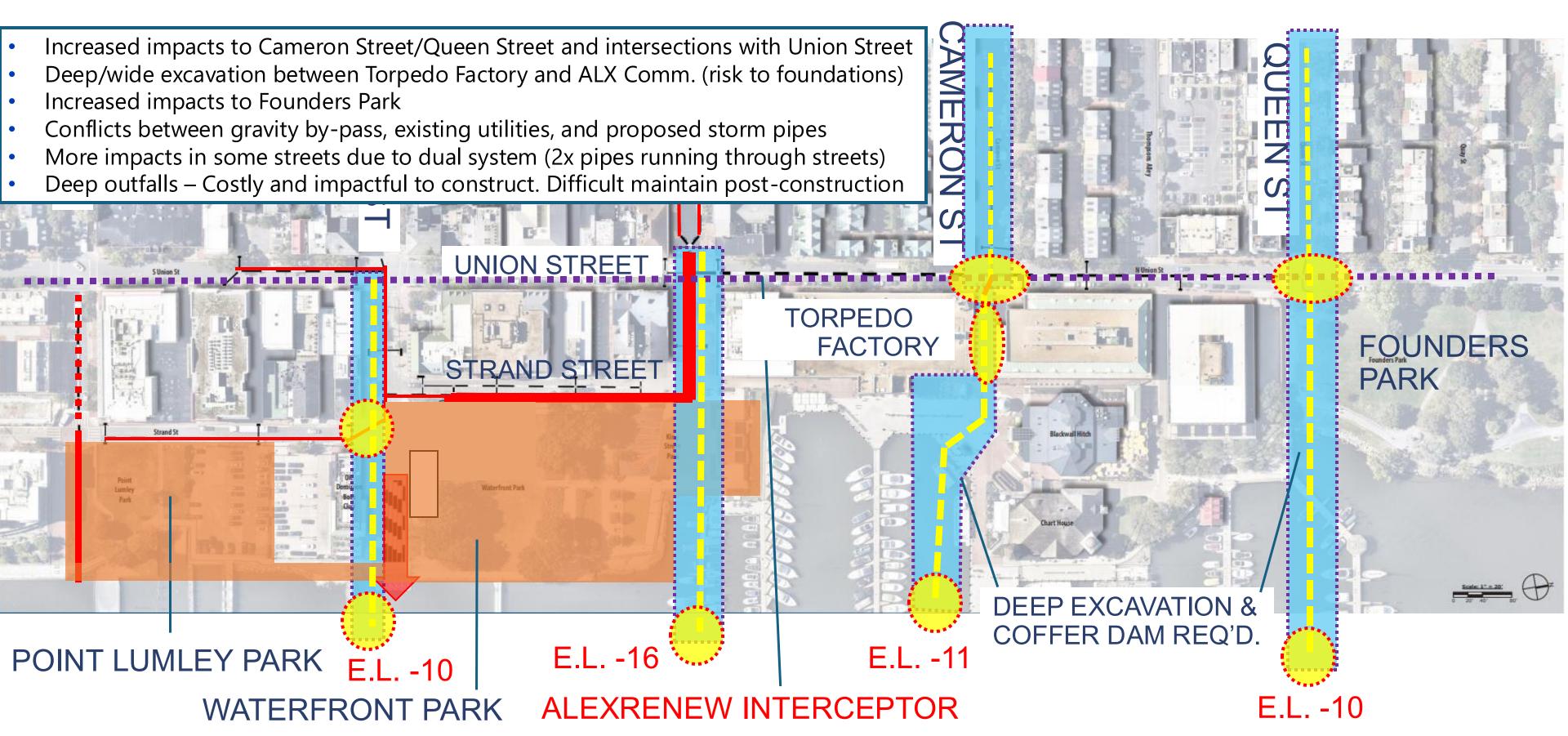
Even if we could reduce pump station pumping capacity by 50% (to ~ 115 MGD) - only one Pump/VFD Pump Controller would be eliminated.

This will not substantially reduce the size of the pump station as suggested by AWA.

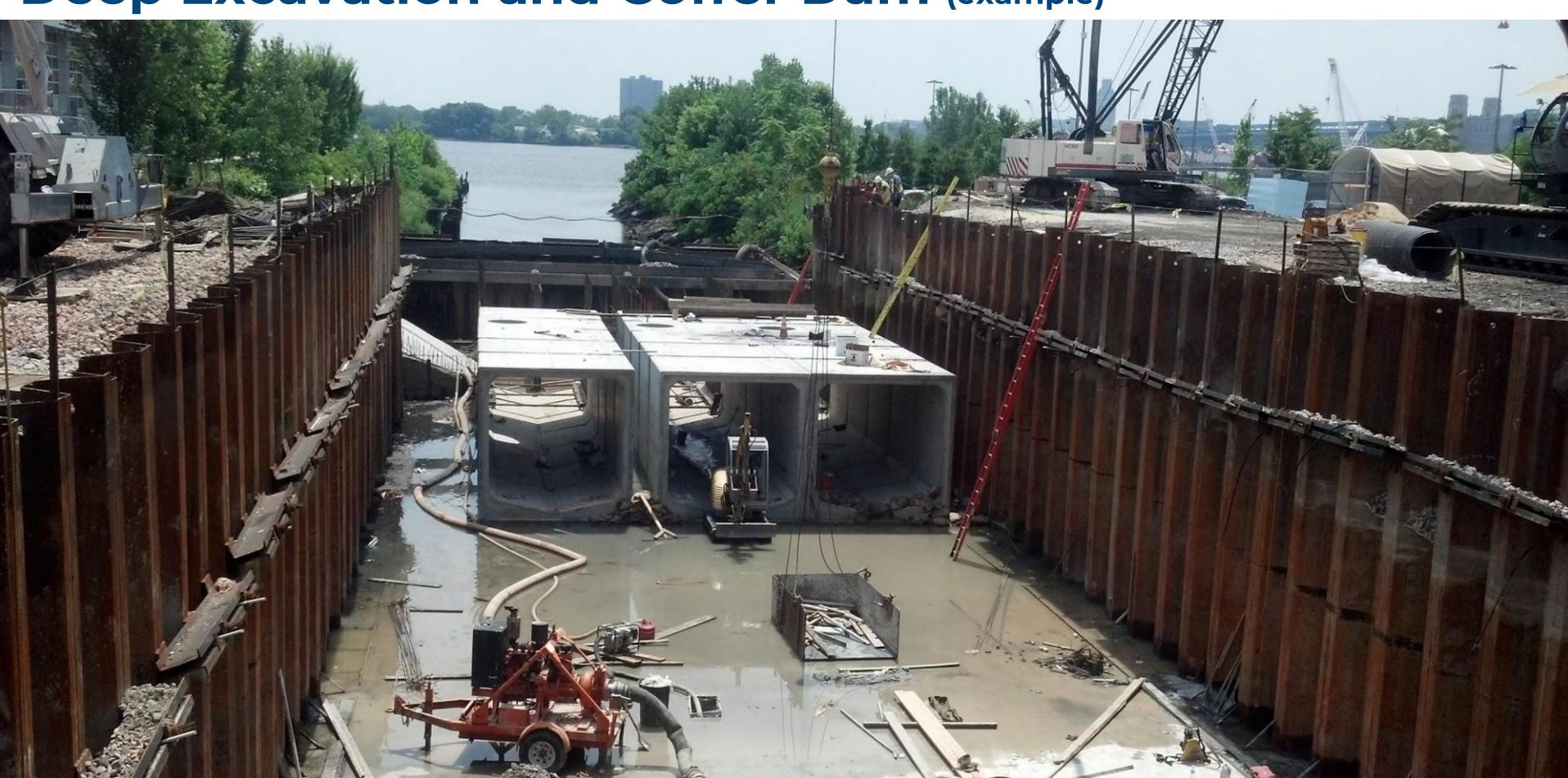
Impacts of AWA Alternate Concept

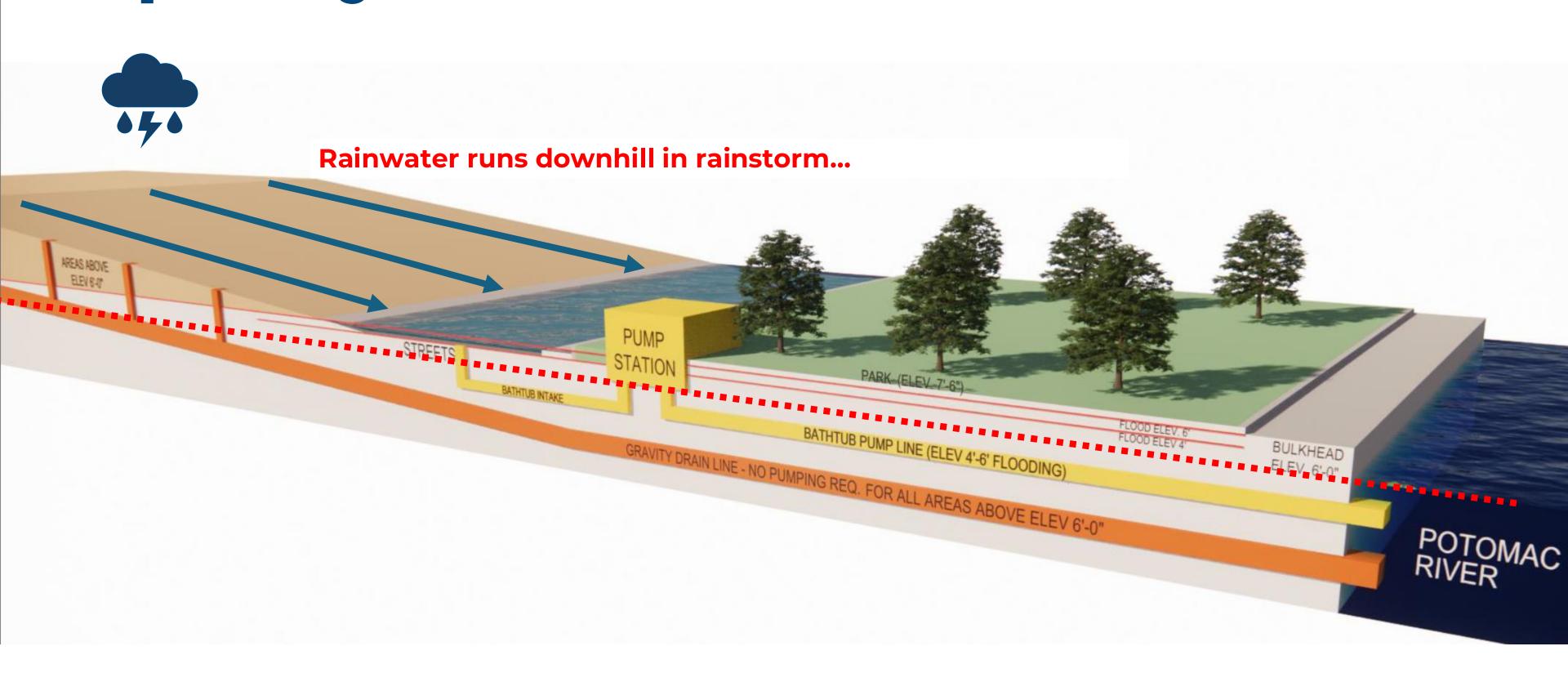
This approach would be more impactful than the City's proposal.

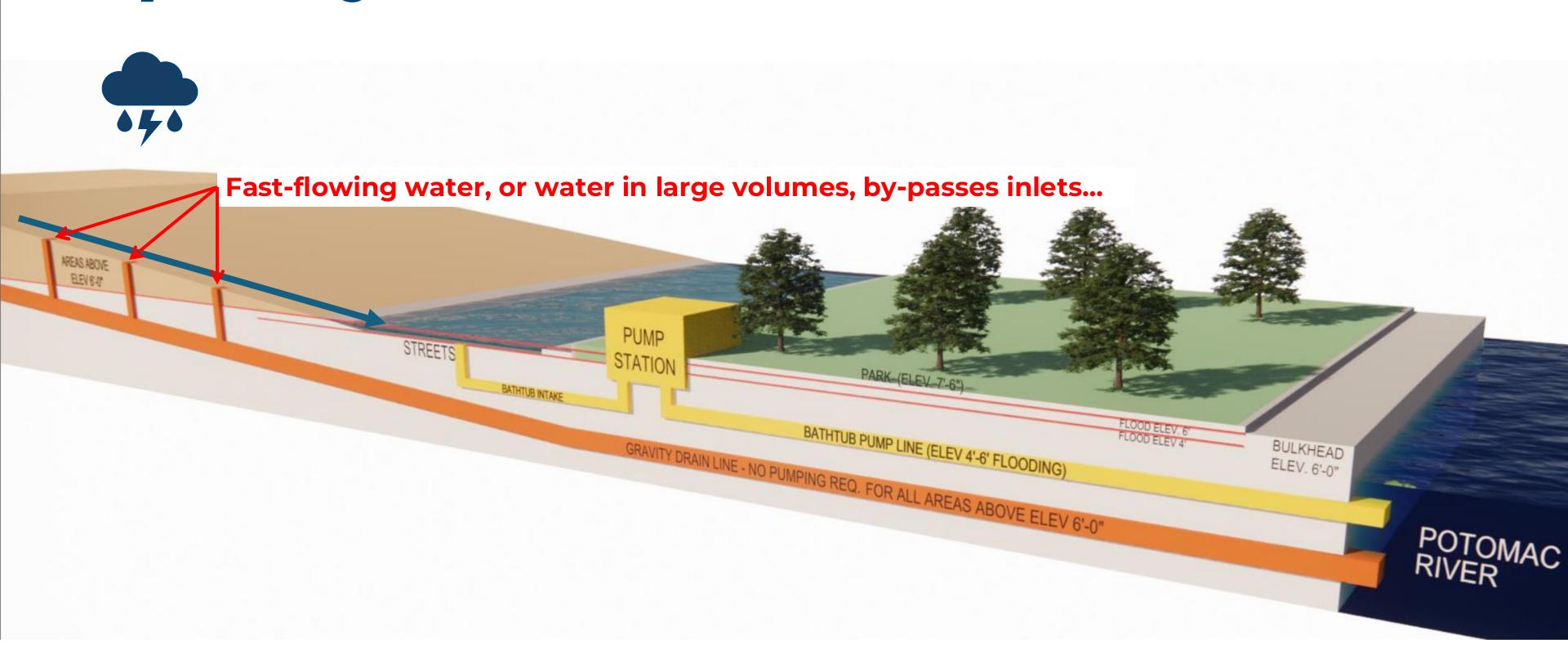
Would still require deep excavation, long-term street closures, and additional impacts to street ends and park areas (including Founder's Park)

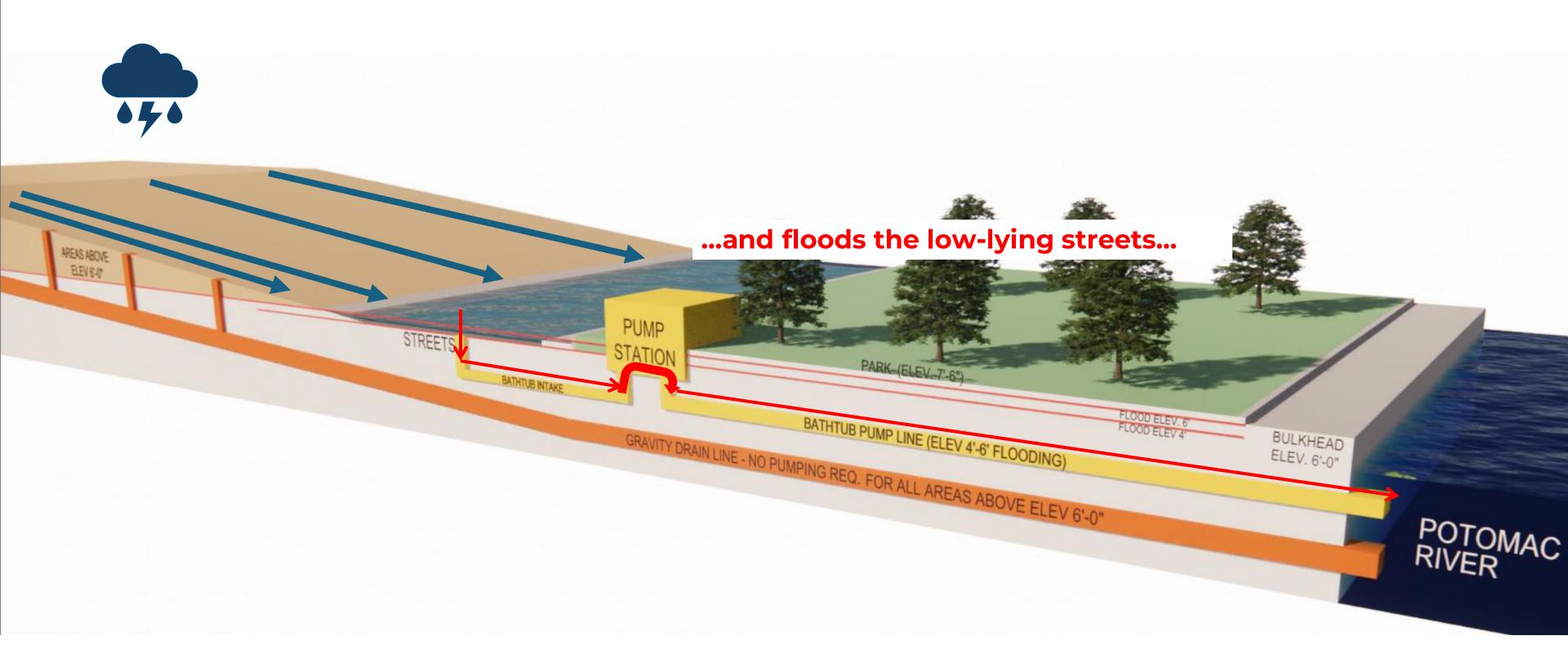


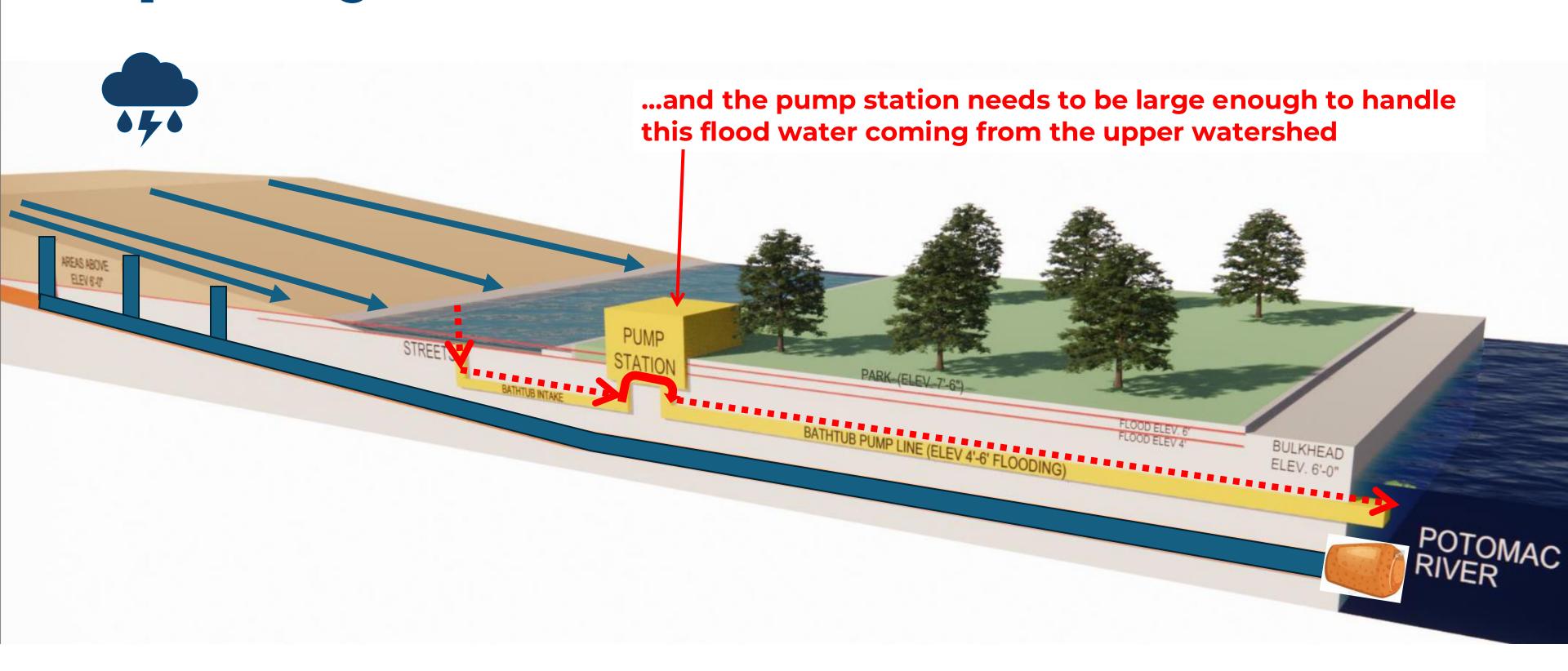
Impacts of AWA Alternate Concept: Deep Excavation and Coffer Dam (example)



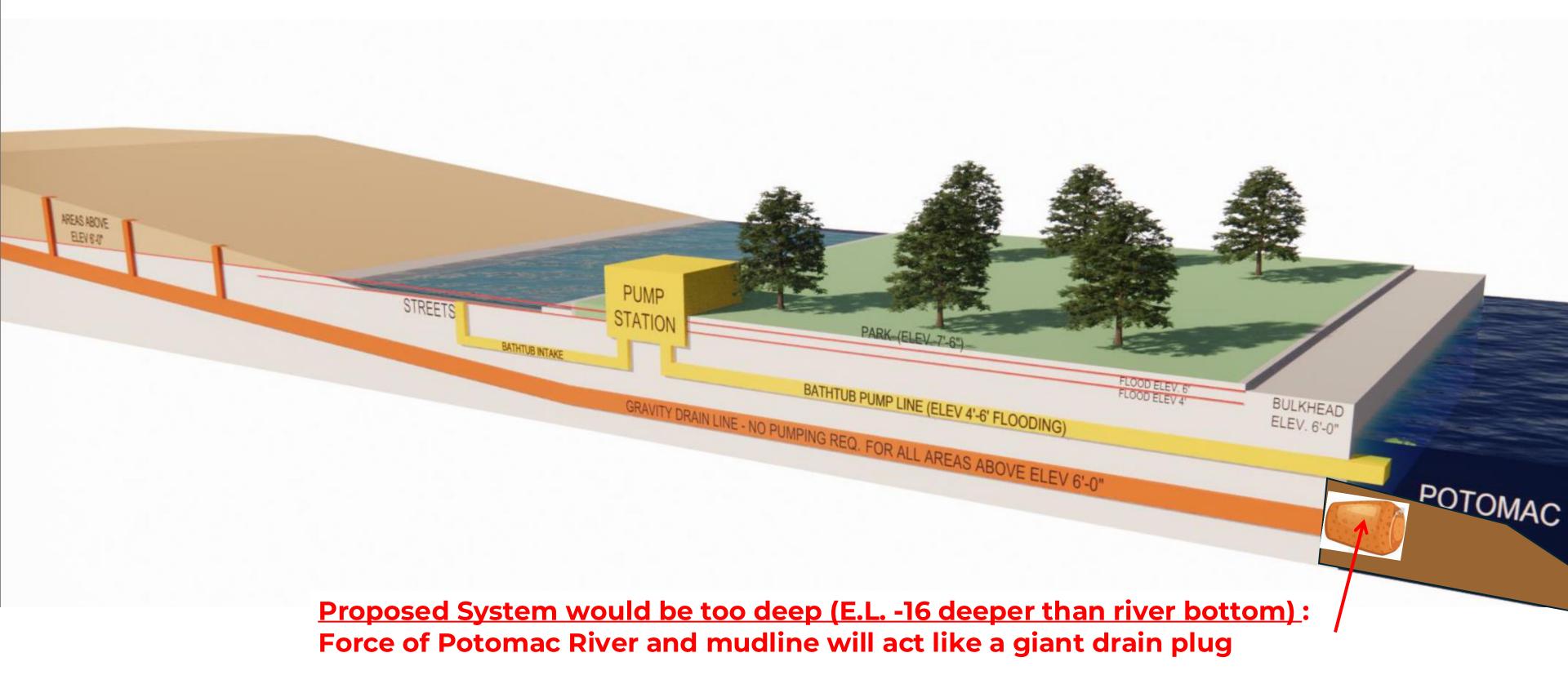






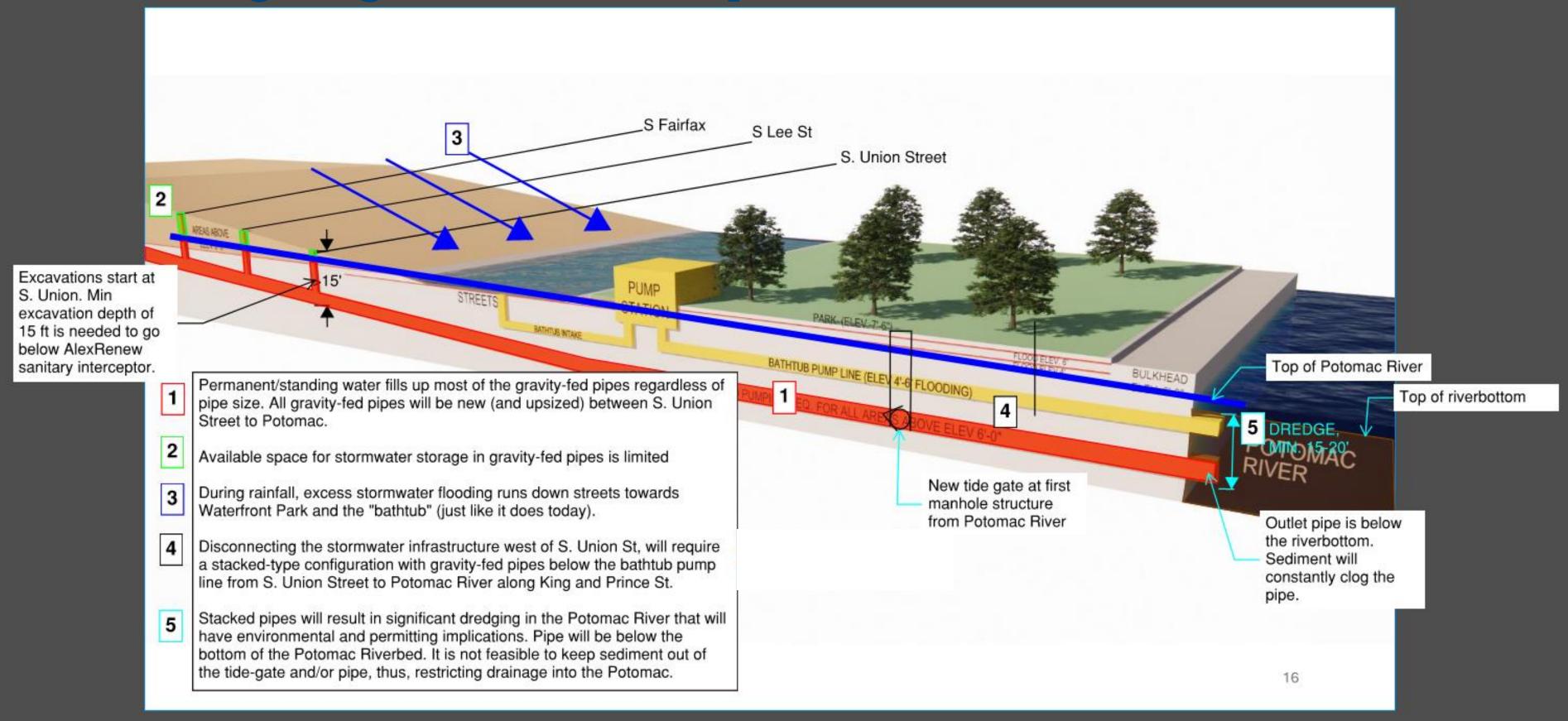


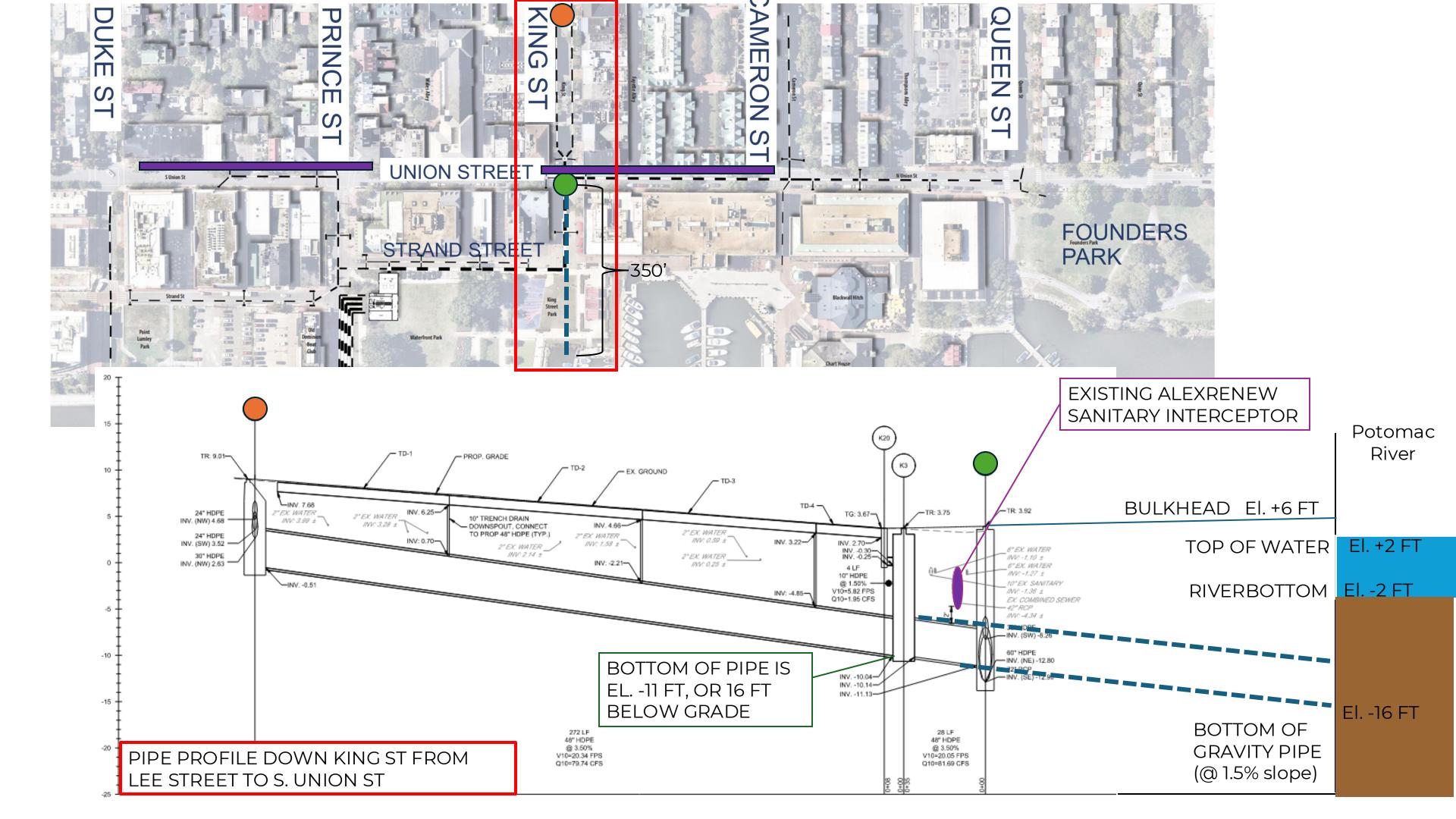
Gravity System & Tailwater Constraints



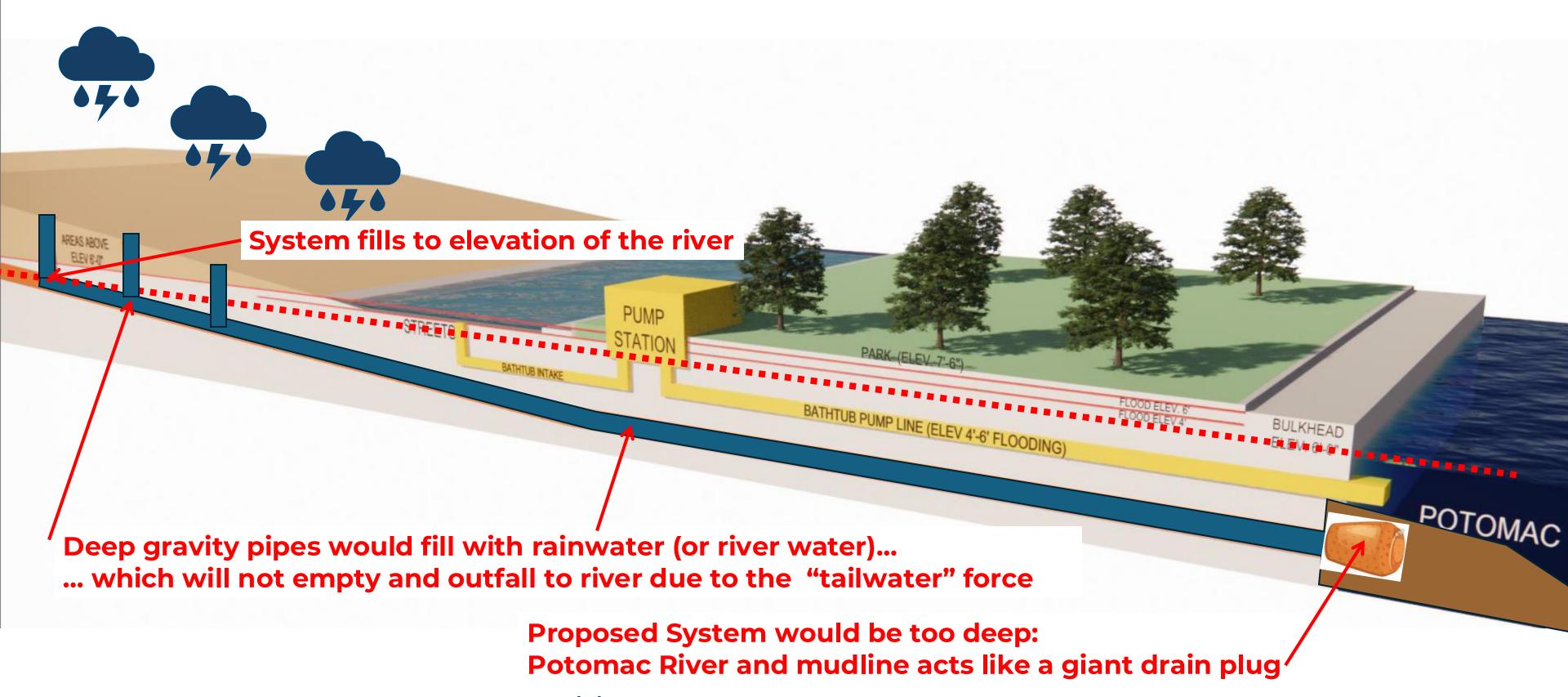
*Underlying drawing credit: Mr. Paul Beckman, AIA 7/9/2025. Conceptual and not shown to scale. Additional markups by City of Alexandria.

Gravity System Depth Constraints

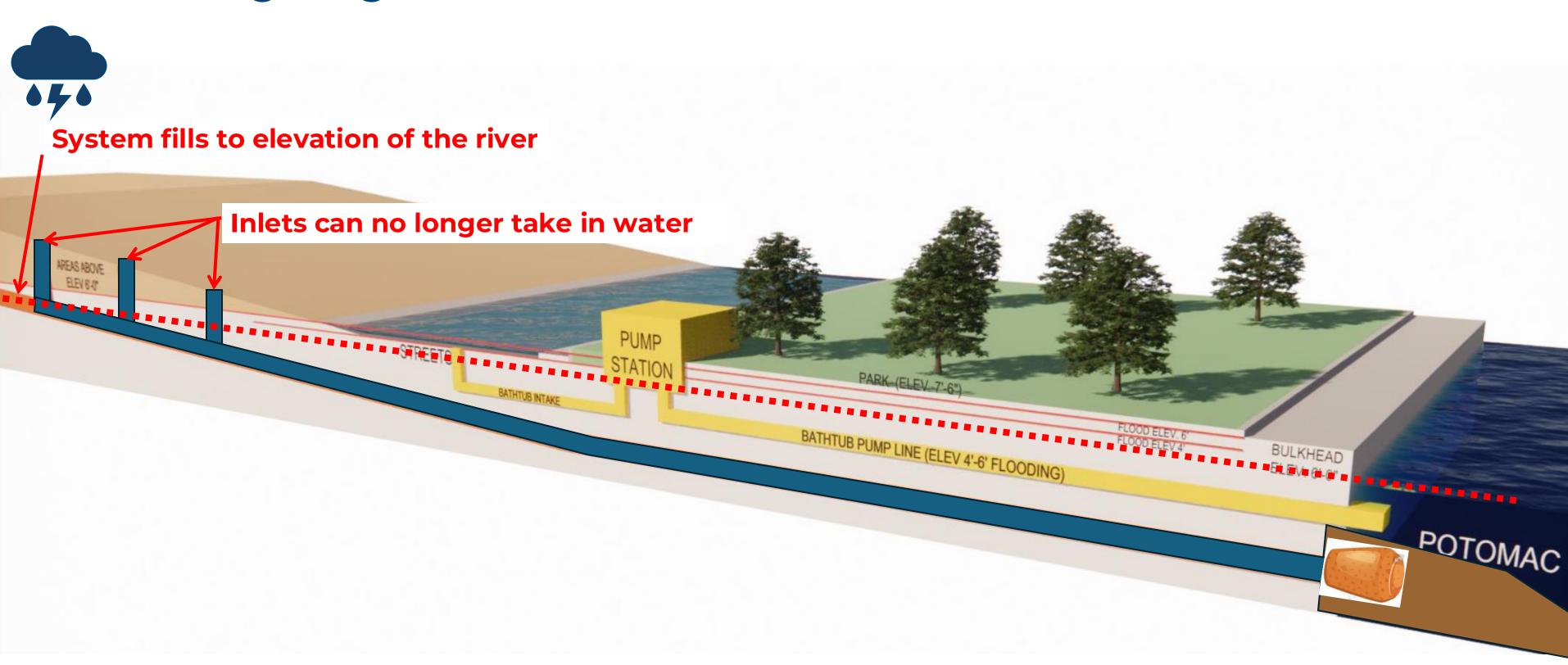


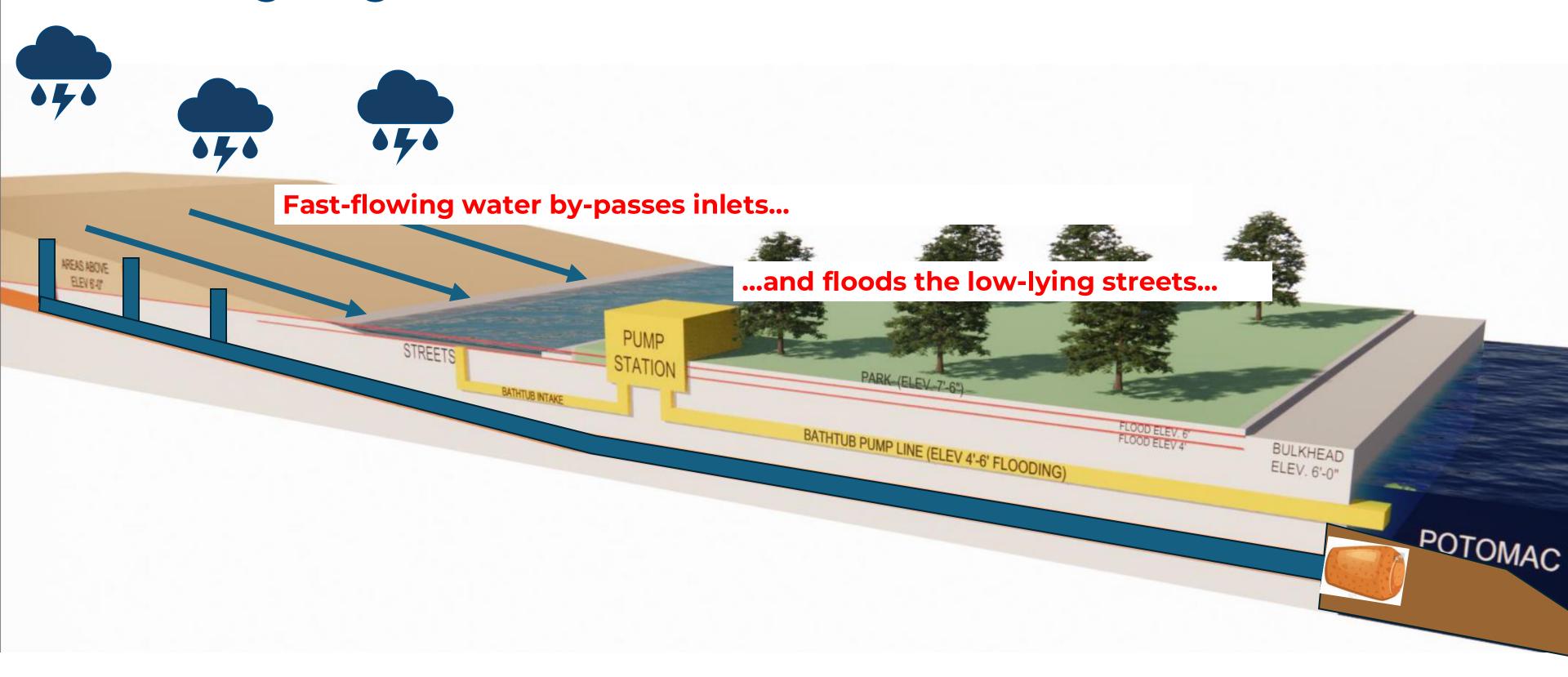


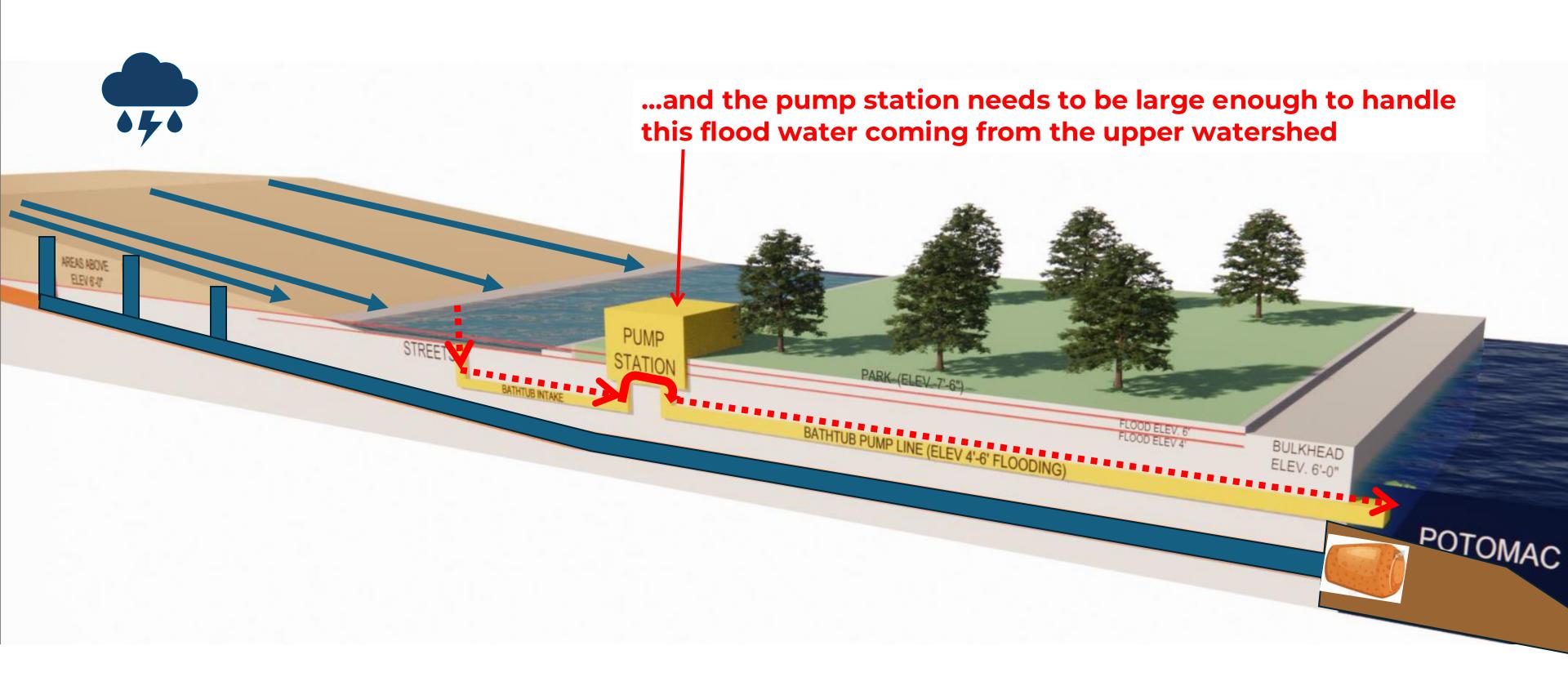
Gravity System & Tailwater Constraints

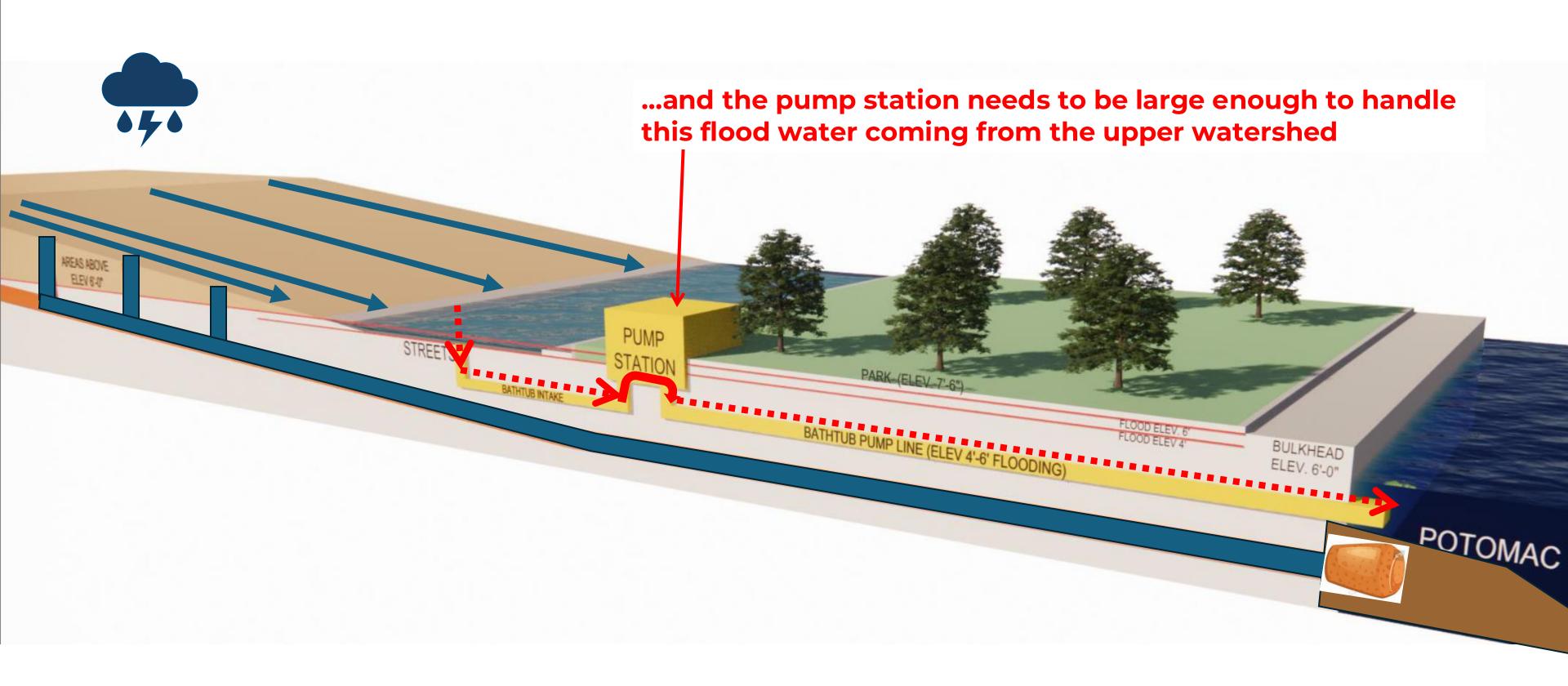


*Underlying drawing credit: Mr. Paul Beckman, AIA 7/9/2025. Conceptual and not shown to scale. Additional markups by City of Alexandria.

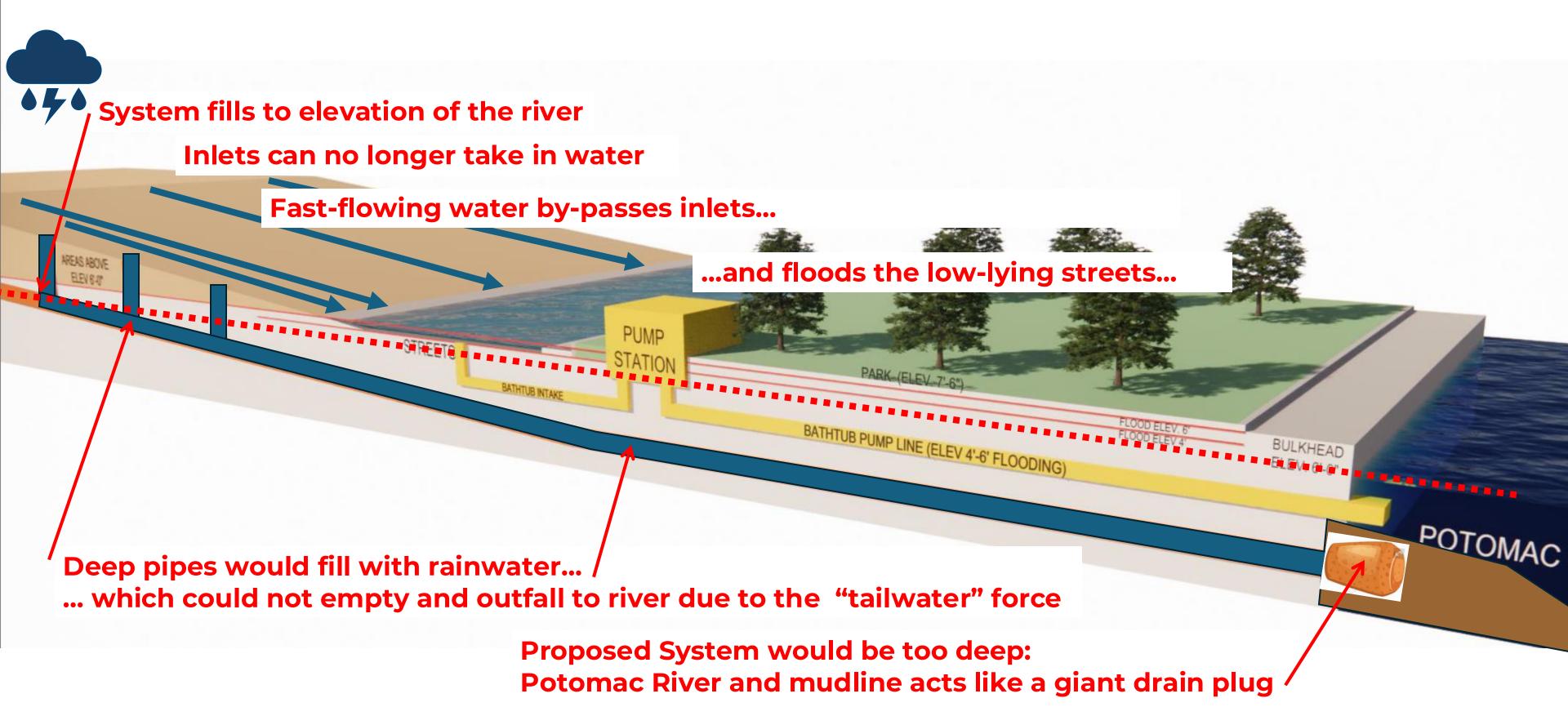








Gravity System & Tailwater Constraints



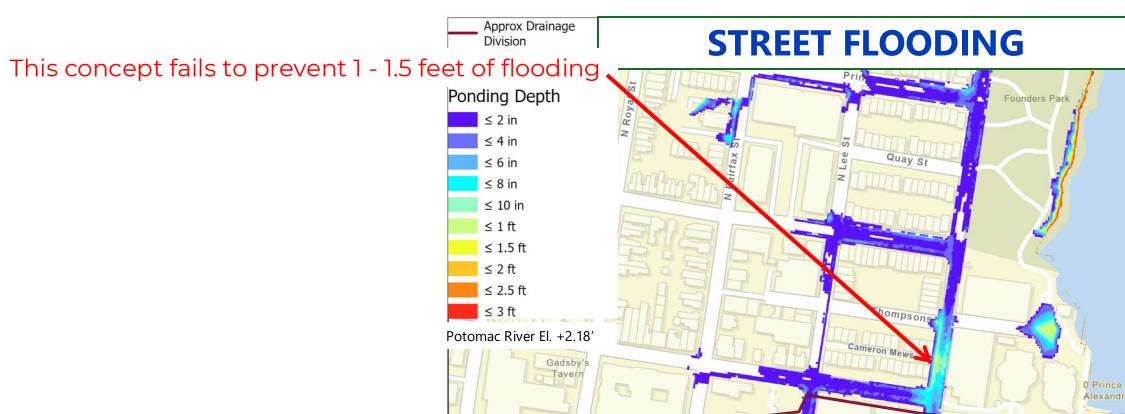
*Underlying drawing credit: Mr. Paul Beckman, AIA 7/9/2025. Conceptual and not shown to scale. Additional markups by City of Alexandria.

Stormwater Modeling Results: "85% Solution" Concept

Gravity Stormwater System, Backflow Prevention & Capacity Improvements North of King St

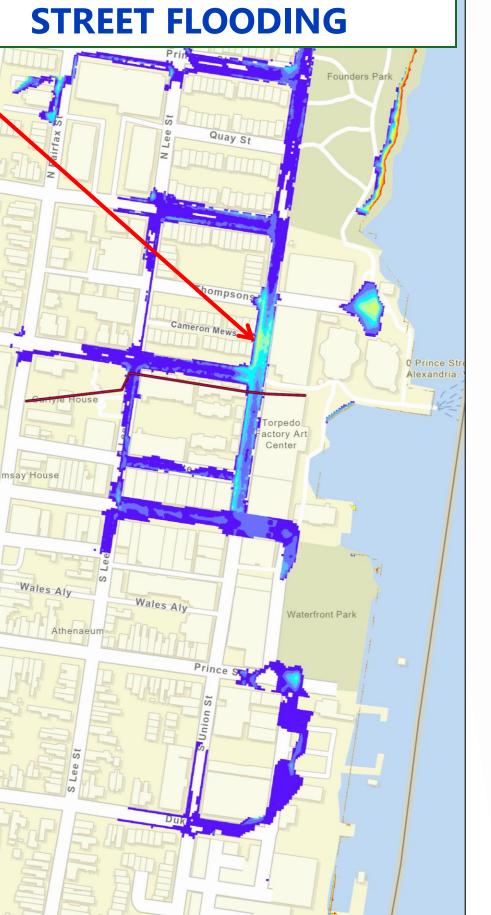


AWA Concept - Flooding at the Storm Peak



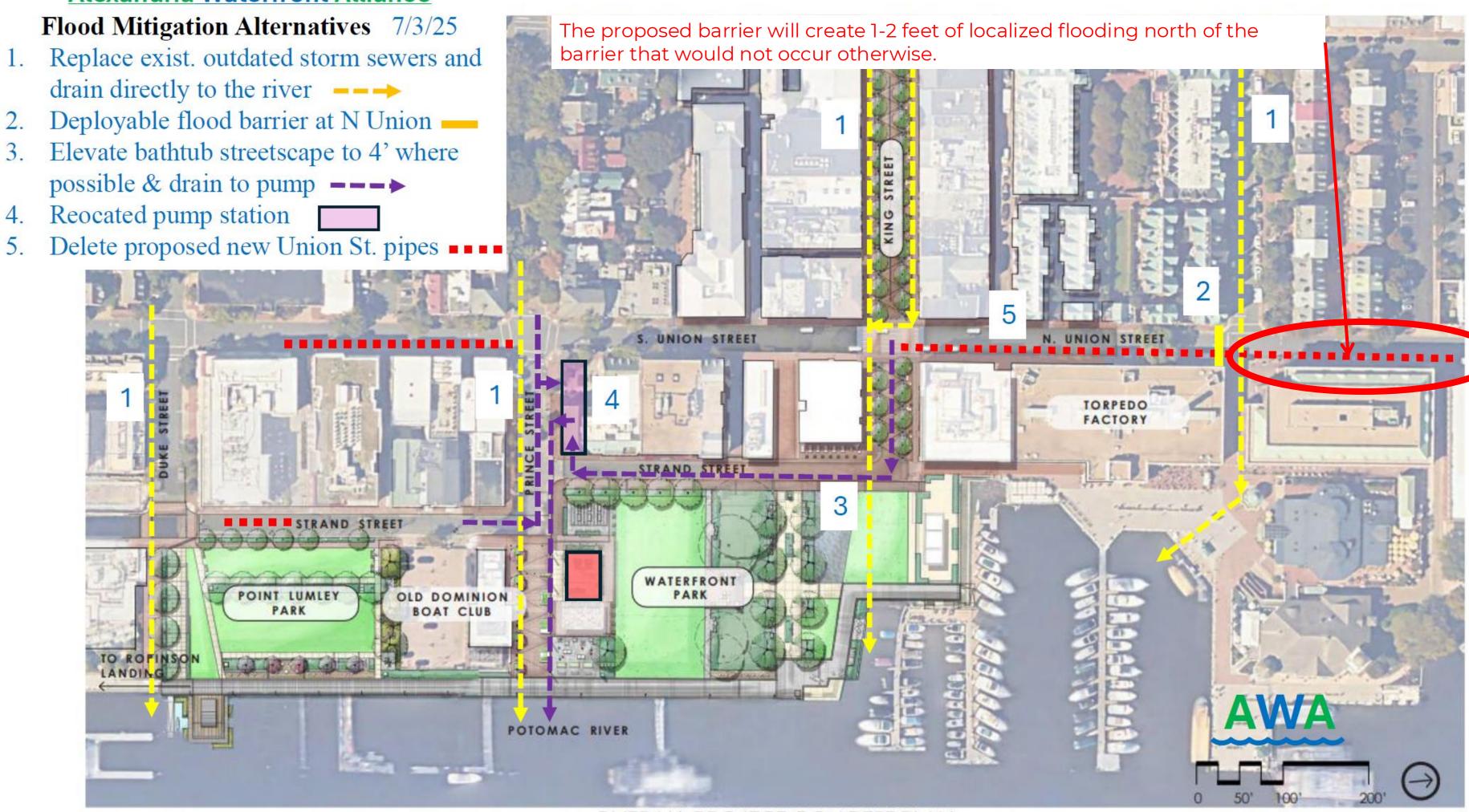
Key Results

- Potential damage to buildings and cars, including parking garages, residences, and businesses.
 - N Union from Thompsons Alley to Cameron Street
 - Unit Block of Thompsons Alley
- Impacts may include the basement, first floor, or building access.
- Sidewalks and roadways are passible and drivable in less than 30 minutes.



FLOODING IMPACTS Residences **Commercial Buildings** Parking Garages Streets/Sidewalks

Alexandria Waterfront Alliance



OVERALL PROJECT CONCEPT PLAN

Alexandria Waterfront Alliance

Flood Mitigation Alternatives 7/3/25

1. Replace exist. outdated storm sewers and drain directly to the river

2. Deployable flood barrier at N Union —

3. Elevate bathtub streetscape to 4' where possible & drain to pump

4. Reocated pump station

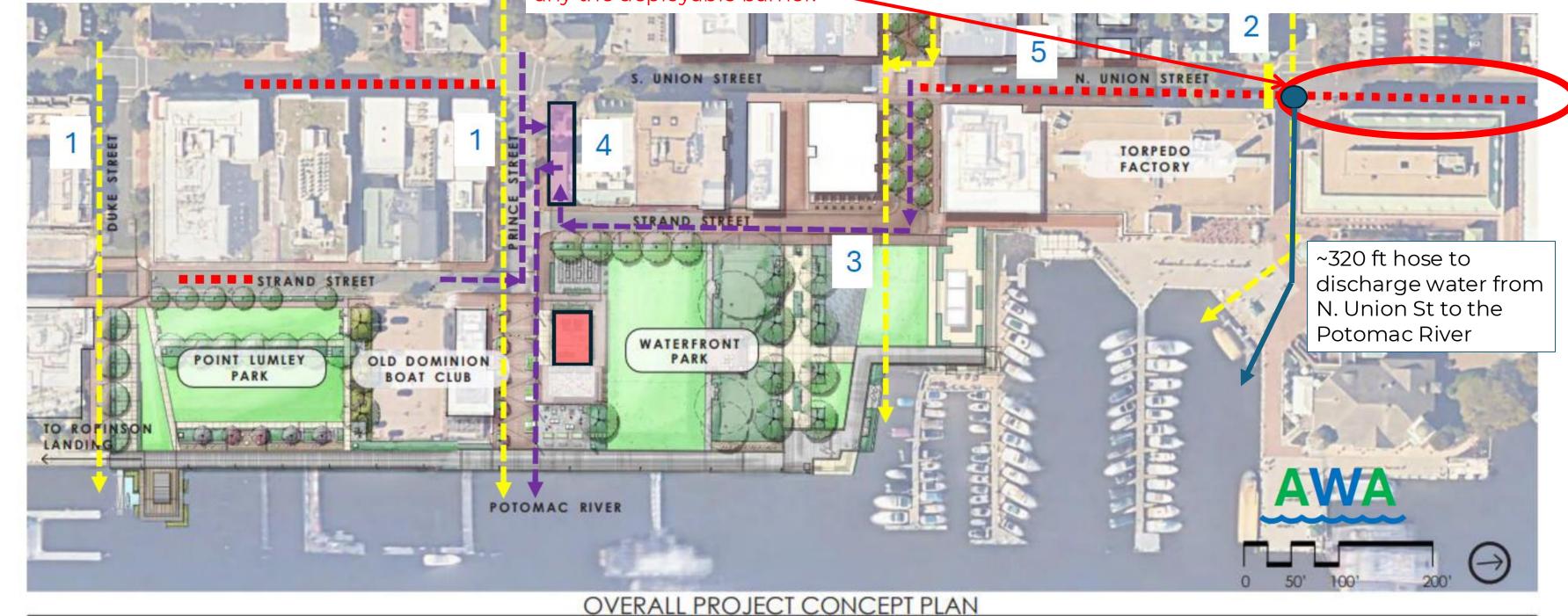
5. Delete proposed new Union St. pipes ••••

A deployable pump can be further evaluated for this location; however, it won't reduce the pump station size.

Potential that manhole at Cameron/Union intersection could be used as a point for bypass pumping.

Would require further analysis of capacity of a trailer-mounted bypass pump on Union St. Potential route for discharge hose to the Potomac River shown.

The bypass pump would need to be sized to handle the floodwater that accumulates behind any the deployable barrier.





Project Information & Updates

- Participate in upcoming Business-Owner Stakeholder Meetings
- https://www.alexandriava.gov/Waterfront
- Email Project Manager: <u>Matthew.Landes@AlexandriaVA.gov</u>
- Signup for Updates and Newsletter:

Signup for Alexandria eNews:



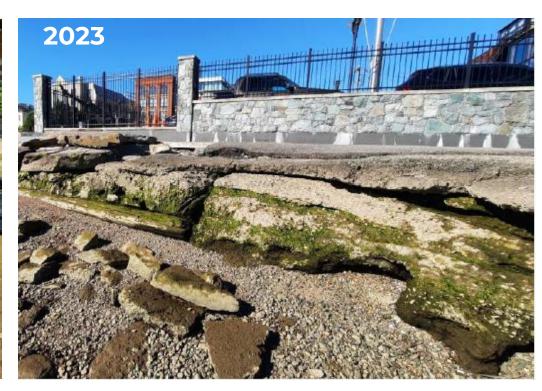
- Go To Planning & Zoning category
- Select "Waterfront Planning"

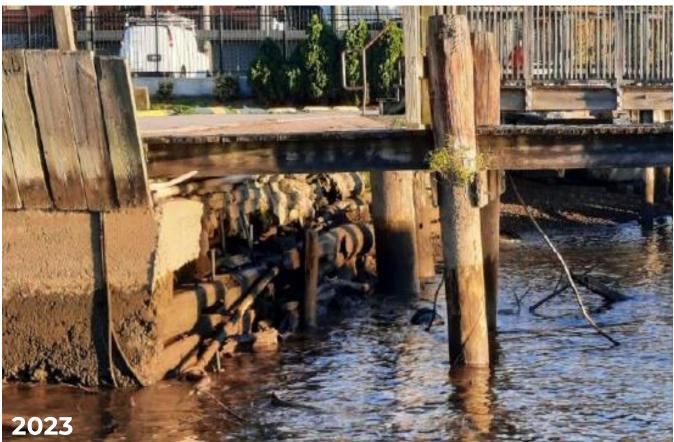


Aging & Failing Infrastructure













Draft, Deliberative, Pre-Decisional Riverine Overtopping & Flooding LEE ST KING **UNION ST UNION ST** STRAND ST STRAND ST WATERFRONT PARK **MARINA** PROPOSED BULKHEAD/FLOOD **PROTECTION**

The Number of Overtopping Events Continues to Increase

Potomac River Surface Elevation Flooding Applyoic Over Time At Prince Street/Weterfront	Prince Street-End	Bulkhead at Waterfront
Flooding Analysis Over Time At Prince Street/Waterfront	(Elev. 2.4)	(Elev. 3.0)
In the Last 20 Years, we've seen an average of .	145 events/yr	37 events/yr
In the Last 5 Years, we've seen an average of	. 185 events/yr	48 events/yr
In the Last 2 Years, we've seen an average of	· 194 events/yr	54 events/yr
In the Last 1 Year, we've seen	227 events/yr	93 events/yr
By Year 2100, we anticipate	353 events/yr	341 events/yr